PROFEME

Customizable, Incision-Free Ablation Therapies

Corporate Presentation | December 2019 © 2019 Profound Medical Corp. NASDAQ: PROF TSX: PRN

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Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. The results, performance and achievements of the Company will be affected by, among other things, such as risks related to our limited operating history and history of net losses; risks related to our ability to commercialize our approved products, including expanding our sales and marketing capabilities, increasing our manufacturing and distribution capacity, increasing reimbursement coverage for our approved products and achieving and maintaining market acceptance for our products; risks related to the regulation; risks related to our sources; risks related to managing growth, including in respect of obtaining additional funding and establishing and maintaining collaborative partnerships, to achieve our goals; risks related to competition that may impact market acceptance of our products and limit our growth; risks related to reliance on third parties, including our collaborative partners, manufacturers, distributors and suppliers, and increasing the compatibility of our systems with MRI scanners; risks related to intellectual property, including license rights that are key to our business; and risks related to he loss of key personnel, and such other risks detailed from time to time in the other publicly filed disclosure documents of the Company's forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or results or otherwise, unless required by applicable law. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in successing during and the above-noted risks, uncertainties and assumptions, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements due to th

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Market data and industry forecasts contained in this presentation have been obtained from industry publications, various publicly available sources and subscription-based reports as well as from management's good faith estimates, which are derived from management's knowledge of the industry and independent sources that management believes to be reliable. Industry publications, surveys and forecasts generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable. We have not independently verified any of the information from third-party sources nor has it ascertained the validity or accuracy of the underlying economic assumptions relied upon therein. We disclaim responsibility or liability in respect of any third-party sources of market and industry data or information, to the extent permitted by law. All figures contained on slides 6, 9, 19 and 22 are provided for illustrative purposes only.

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"My life should not have to change"

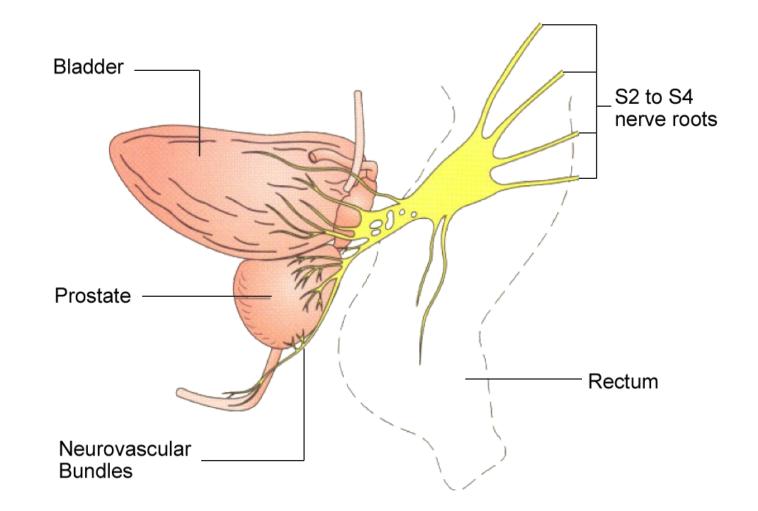
TULSA-PRO®

U.S. FDA Cleared, August 2019 Ablation of Prostate Tissue





Prostate Anatomy





Current Landscape of Prostate Disease in the U.S.



2.9 million patients currently living with prostate cancer on active surveillance^{*}



10 million patients living with Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia ("BPH")^{**}



Common treatment options associated with significant side effects such as incontinence and erectile disfunction



175,000 new prostate cancer patients diagnosed each year*

*American Cancer Society



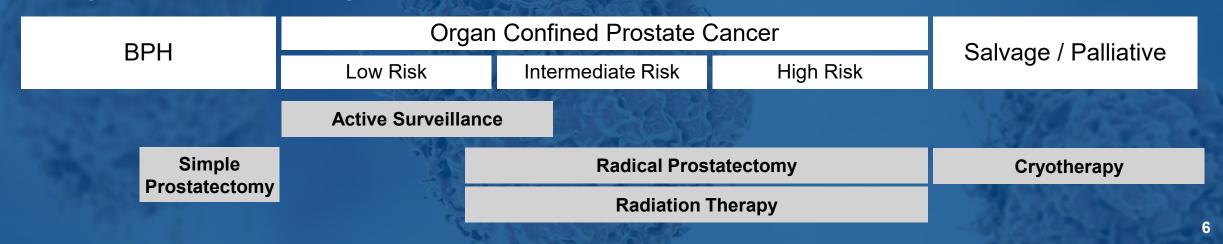
300,000 BPH surgeries per year**

**Based upon CMS data

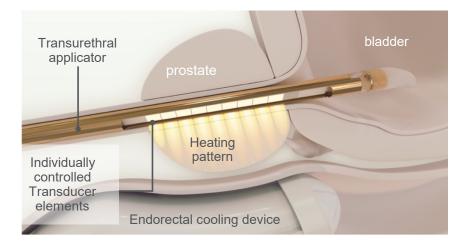


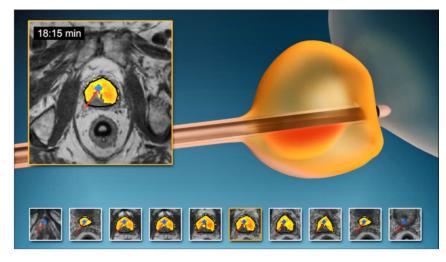
Radiation failure and palliative patients have limited re-treatment options

Todays Treatment Paradigm



TULSA-PRO Customizable, Predictable, Incision-Free







Real-time MR imaging

Customized treatment plan



Transurethral directional ultrasound for thermal ablation; water cooling of urethra and rectum

- Sweeping ultrasound, continuous rotation
- Capable of treating both large and small prostate volumes, anterior and posterior tissue
- Thermal protection of important anatomy



Closed-loop process control software

• Real-time temperature feedback provides for gentle and precise ablation

TULSA-PRO System Components



- Compatible with MR from leading companies, Philips and Siemens
- Recurring revenue business model



TACT: Clinical Trial

Pivotal Study of Whole-Gland Ablation in a Clinically-Significant Patient Population



PSA primary efficacy endpoint resolutely met:

- PSA reduction ≥75% achieved in **110 of 115 (96%)**
- Median (IQR) PSA reduction was 95% (91-98%)
- Median (IQR) PSA nadir was 0.34 (0.12-0.56) ng/ml

Prostate volume significantly reduced, demonstrating effective prostate ablation:

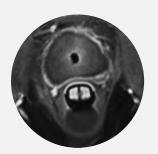
- Median perfused prostate volume decreased 91%
 from 37 cc to 3 cc
- Prostate ablation confirmed on Contrast Enhanced MRI

Prostate Volume Reduction



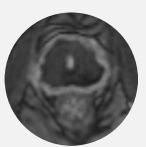
PSA 5.5 ng/ml 58 cc

Immediate Post CE-MRI



PSA 6.0 ng/ml

1-month Post CE-MRI



PSA 0.3 ng/ml

3-months Post CE-MRI



PSA < 0.1 ng/ml

12-months Post CE-MRI



PSA < 0.1 ng/ml 0.5 cc

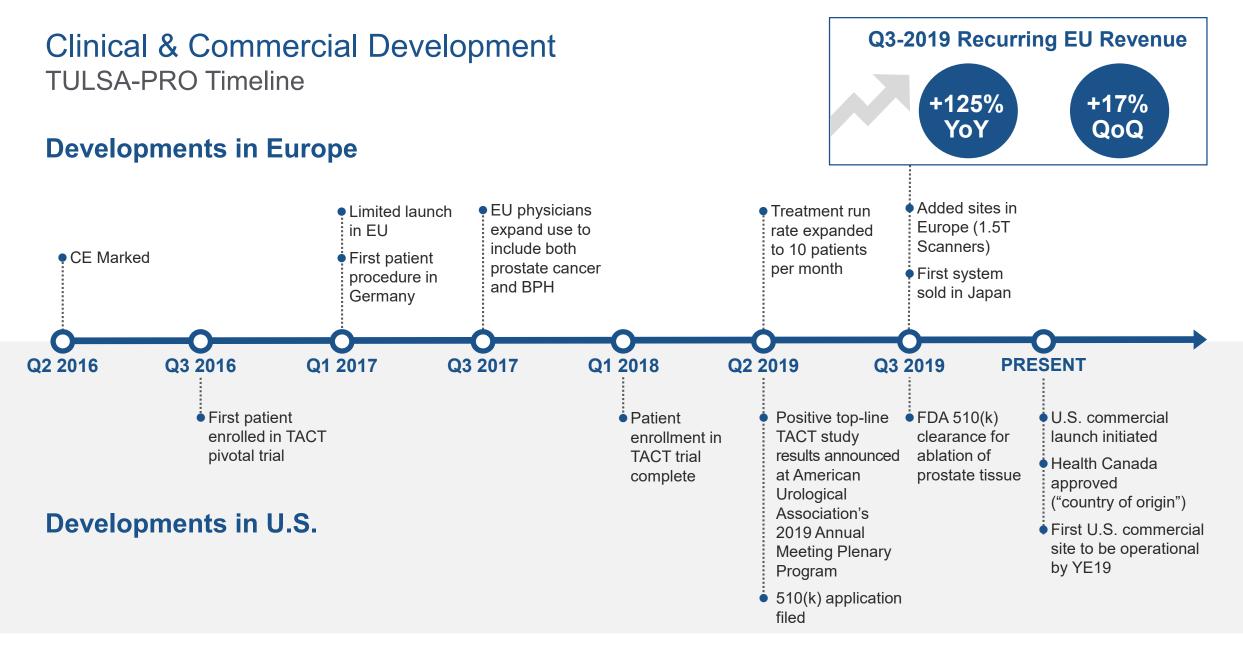
TACT Summary

Literature Review of Other Trials Provided for Context

| | TACT Study | Literature Review | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| | TULSA | Prostatectomy | Radiation | HIFU | |
| Biopsy / Histology | 21% Clinically Significant 14% Insignificant Disease | 16 – 24% +Margin ¹ (Meta-Analysis) | 28% Clinically Significant ⁴ 20% Insignificant Disease ⁴ | 59 – 61% Negative ⁵⁻⁶ (Intent to treat) | |
| | (GG1, ≤2 cores, < 50% CCL) | 10 – 15% +Margin ² (RCT) | (Positive w. treatment effect) | 63% Negative, after 40 | |
| | 65% Negative | 24% +Margin ³ (ProtecT) | 52% Negative ⁴ | having repeat HIFU an 39% ADT ⁷ | |
| Erectile Dysfunction erections insufficient for | 23% | 79% ⁹ | 63% ⁹ | 58% ⁷ | |
| penetration | Grade 2 Medication Indicated No Grade 3 ED | (Range: 25 – 100%) ¹⁻⁴ | (Range: 7 – 85%) ¹⁻⁵ | (Range: 44 – 67%) ⁶⁻⁸ | |
| Urinary Incontinence | 2.6% | 15% ⁹ | 4% ⁹ | 3% ⁵ | |
| moderate to severe | Grade 2 Pads Indicated No Grade 3 Incontinence | (Range: 0 – 50%) ¹⁻⁴ | (Range: 2 – 15%) ¹⁻⁵ | (Range: 3 – 22%) ⁶⁻⁸ | |
| Urethral Stricture | 2.6% | 9% ¹¹ | 2% ¹¹ | 35% ⁵ | |
| moderate to severe | 2.070 | (Range: 3 – 26%) ¹⁻⁴ | (Range: 1 – 9%) ¹⁻⁵ | (Range: 9 – 35%) ⁶⁻⁸ | |
| GI Toxicity moderate to severe diarrhea, urgency, | No GI Toxicity | 15% ⁹ | 25% ^{9, 12} | 7% ⁵ | |
| incontinence, fistula | | (Range: 0 – 24%) ¹⁻⁴ | (Range: 0 – 40%) ¹⁻⁵ | (Range: 1 – 21%) ⁶⁻⁸ | |

- PROFCUND
- 1. Tewari et al 2012 (Meta-Analysis)
- Yaxley et al 2016 (RCT)
 Hamdy et al 2016 (ProtecT)
- Hamdy et al 2016 (Protect)
 Radiation Meta-Analysis (publication pending)
- Radiation Meta-Analysis (publication pending)
 FDA IDE Study K153023
- 6. FDA IDE Study DEN150011
- 7. Crouzet *et al*, Eur Urol 2014 (1000+ patients, Whole-gland HIFU)
- 8. Thompson (Chair) *et al*, AUA prostate cancer clinical guideline update panel, J Urol 2007
- 9. Resnick et al, Prostate Cancer Outcomes Study (PCOS), NEJM 2013

- 10. Potosky et al, Prostate Cancer Outcomes Study (PCOS), J NCI 2004
- 11. Elliott et al, CaPSURE database, J Urol 2007
- 12. Budaus *et al*, Review, Eur Urol 20012



Clinical Application Learnings From Limited EU Launch

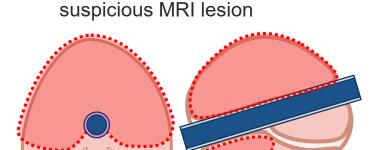
| Benign | Organ Confined Prostate Cancer | | | Salvage / Palliative | |
|---|--------------------------------|--|----------------------|---|--|
| Denign | Low Risk | Intermediate Risk | High Risk | Salvaye / Fallative | |
| Large prostate BPH ¹ Preservation of ejaculatory function Combined with targeted | Large abla | ablation ²⁻⁷ ablation (focal, or regiona ation (wide margins) nd ablation (with urethra | al) • Loca limite | ence after radiation ⁸ lized recurrences have ed options, and morbidity is | |

Palliative locally advanced⁹

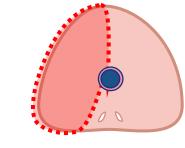
 Severe urinary symptoms including BOO with retention and/or intractable hematuria

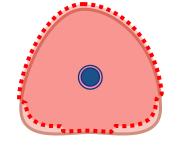
Oligometastatic¹⁰

- Benefit to locally treat prostate
- Often radio-recurrent



Ablation of benign prostate tissue





Targeted ablation of diseased prostate tissue Whole gland ablation with bilateral nerve sparing

- Elterman et al, Prostate Cancer and Prostate Diseases, 2019 (Under Review)

cancer ablation

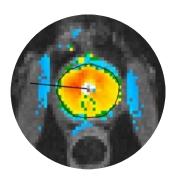
Prophylactic ablation of

- Ramsey et al, The Journal of Urology, 2017 Chin et al, European Urology, 2016 Bonekamp et al, European Radiology, 2018 Eggener et al, The Journal of Urology, 2019 (AUA Abstract)

- Anttinen *et al*, International Journal of Hyperthermia, 2019 Anttinen *et al*, Scandinavian Journal of Urology, 2019 (*Under Review*) Suomi *et al*, ISTU Barcelona, Spain, 2019 (*Conference*) Sainio *et al*, ISTU Barcelona, Spain, 2019 (*Conference*)
- Physician interest 10.

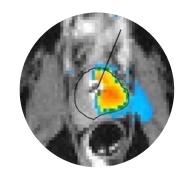


Whole Gland Ablation

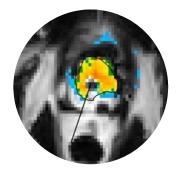




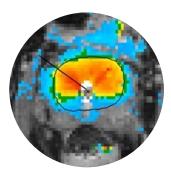
geted ation



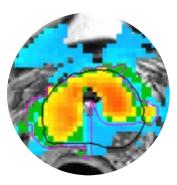




Targeted Ablation of a benign large prostate



Targeted Ablation of a benign large prostate with malignant lesion





Clinical Application & Adoption

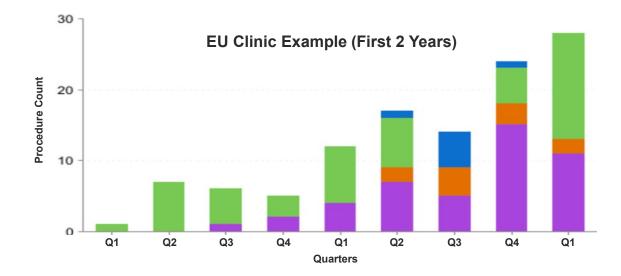
Learnings From Limited EU Launch

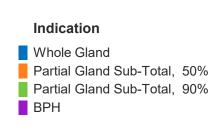






| | Prostatectomy | Radiation | TULSA |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Throughput: Procedures/Day | 2 typically 3 on a longer day | Multiple sessions: 5-to-40 over 4-to-8 weeks | 4 in a dayConsistent treatment times |
| Patient Recovery | • Weeks | Deterioration over time | Outpatient procedure for most patients Generic analgesic needed for pain management after procedure |





U.S. Market Entrance Strategy TULSA-PRO



Increase Awareness

- TACT clinical data presented at >10 conferences (AUA, EAU, RSNA)
- TULSA-PRO and TACT clinical data presented to multiple institutions
- Low-cost / high-impact patient awareness initiatives



Early Adopter Pipeline

- Already visited about 75 potential users
- Includes top teaching hospitals, companies owning imaging centers with large footprint, and specialty urology practices

Potential Delivery Channels

- Opinion leading hospitals / Centers of Excellence
- Imaging centers
- Urology practice coops that focus on emerging technologies

Business

ModelsRecurring revenue-only

 Capital + consumables sales

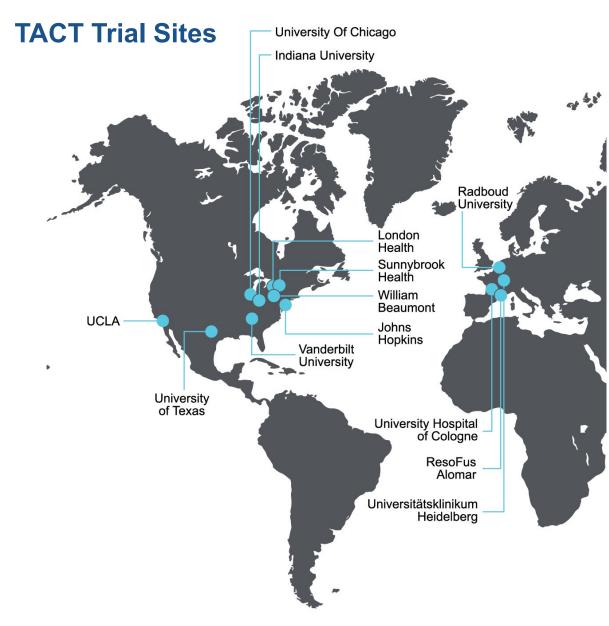


'Profound Genius Services'

- Start-up clinical support
- Flexibility ablation of range of patients
- Productivity
- Patient awareness
- Reimbursement

Centers of Excellence

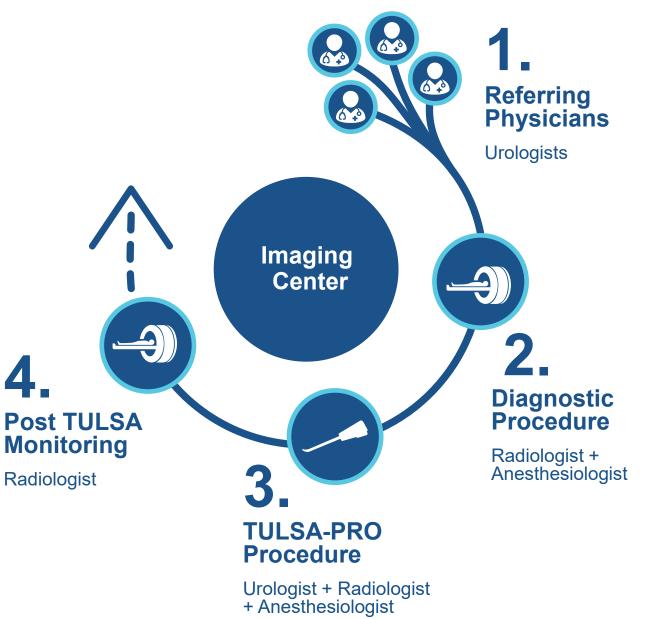
- Includes many of the TACT study sites
- Will likely be relatively low volume while TULSA is a patient self-pay procedure
- Best positioned to help drive long-term adoption by:
 - Participate in additional trials designed to support reimbursement
 - Training next generation of urologists
 - Presenting at medical conferences
 - Publish papers in relevant journals





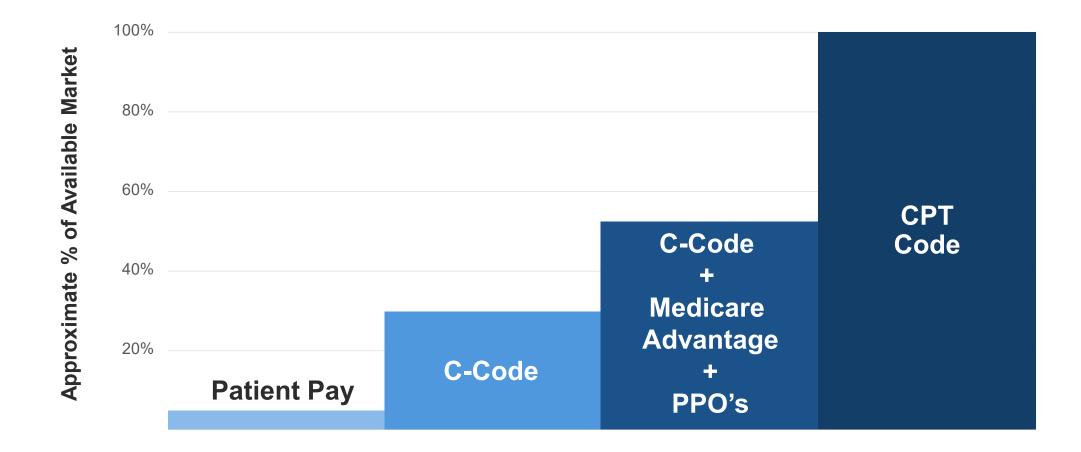
Commercial Imaging Centers

- 8,000 -10,000 imaging centers in U.S.; 40% owned by private equity or public companies
- Growing presence in urology due to MRI diagnostics, MRI-guided biopsy, MRI-guided follow-up
- Centers provide:
 - Service
 - Technology
 - In-house Radiologist(s)
 - Local Specialist Relationships (Urologists, Anesthesiologists)
 - Marketing
 - Payer Networks



Reimbursement Pathway

From "Cleared" to "Covered"





TULSA-PRO: Pre-Reimbursement "Patient Paid"

Significant Market Opportunity, Even With Low Single-Digit Initial Penetration Levels

| New Prostate Cancer Diagnosis (U.S. + Canada) | 180,000 ¹ |
|--|-----------------------------|
| BPH, Prostates, surgical candidates, Unusual shapes (U.S. + Canada) | 400,000 ² |
| Total Opportunity, # of patients | 580,000 |
| Total Addressable Market, assuming patient paid is 5% of total opportunity | 29,000 ³ |
| Add selected International markets (UK, Germany, Japan) | 14,500 ³ |
| Total patient pay addressable market # of patients | 43,500 ³ |
| | |
| Addressable market, \$6,000 per patient (includes: disposable + amortized capital + service) | \$261,000,000 ³ |
| Achievable share in X years, 25% (<11,000 patients per year) TULSA Installed base = 110 at treatment rate 100 patients/year | \$65,250,000 ^{3*} |

* Represents approximately 1% of total current annual prostate surgery and/or radiation treatment market

- 1. Prostate cancer: 175,000 new prostate cancer diagnosed each year in US according to American Cancer Society
- 2. BPH: 300,000 surgeries based upon CMS data, + 1% of 10 Million BHP patients in United Stated + Canada
- 3. Figures are not Profound projections. Rather, they are being provided for illustration purposes only.

Reimbursement "C-Code"

PROFC

- Applying for a new technology "C-Code" before end of 2019
- Typically takes 6 months to obtain a decision from CMS
- If approved, would provide for a 3-year period of reimbursement for facility costs
 - Patients would likely pay about \$2,000-\$4,000 out of their own pockets



Reimbursement "CPT Code"

Publication Package

| | | Rationale | Level | Ν | US % | Start |
|----|--|--|-------|------------------------|--------------|---------|
| 1. | TACT 2.0 5-year | TULSA U.S. momentum at key teaching sites Increase US patient % Re-treat TACT 1.0 patients | 2b | 115 (+35=150) | 48% (60%) | Started |
| 2. | BPH RCT 6-month | Anchor study for Level 1 data | 1b | 144 in 2:1 96 TULSA | ~100% | 2020 |
| 3. | Salvage 1-year | Strong clinical value and entry into guidelinesNeed to sponsor or too slow with patient pay | 2b | 68 | ~100% | 2020 |
| 4. | Primary Cancer Meta-Analysis (Phase I, EU, Registry) | % Ablation vs. Outcomes | 2a | | | |
| 5. | Single/Small-center Cancer RCT TULSA vs. Radiation (Turku, UWO, U.S.?) | Small RCT, 50+ pts, good chance to randomize Level 1 data in cancer, even if not traditional Offloads sponsor requirements from Profound | 1b | 50 minimum | 0% (more) | 2020 |

AMA Requirements for Category I CPT Code

- FDA-cleared
- Performed widely by many physicians across U.S. (warrants new CPT code)
- Frequency consistent with intended clinical use consistent with current medical practice (mentioned in guidelines/policies)
- Clinical efficacy (documented in "top 5" peer-reviewed publications, judged by CPT Panel)
 - 1+ reference in a majority US patient population
 - 2+ references with no overlapping patients or authors
 - 1+ reference with Level of Evidence IIa (review of large longterm cohort studies) <u>or</u> Level I (randomized controlled trials)

Longer Term

Building an Incision- & Radiation-Free Ablative Therapeutic Platform

Oncology, Highly Symptomatic Chronic Diseases

PROFOUND



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PHILIPS



Current Approvals Europe: CE Marked China: CNMPA Approved

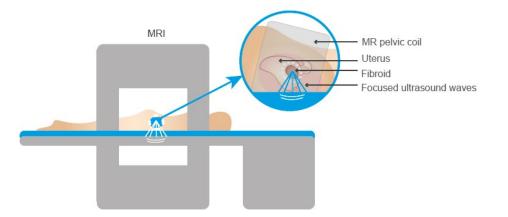


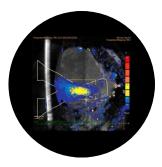


Over 200 publications

from leading U.S. & European clinicians and hospitals

- Uterine Fibroid Treatment
- Bone Metastasis Pain
- Pediatric Bone
- Hyperthermia
- Abdominal Cancer





SONALLEVE

Market Development Strategy



Partnered with Cologne University Hospital to develop critical clinical data for cancer and highly symptomatic chronic diseases

Enter U.S. market with Humanitarian Device Exemption indication (similar to orphan drug indication for rare diseases)

- Application filed with FDA
- FDA manufacturing site inspection completed successfully



China

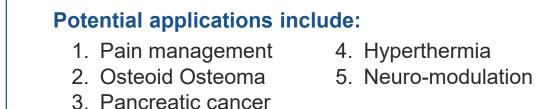
Philips as distribution partner

Small Profound direct sales team

Marketing for treatment of uterine fibroids

Reference site in S. Korea, treating 200 patients/year

Long term business model – recurring revenue





Introducing TULSA-PRO to U.S. Market

Business Model Designed to be Capital Efficient

- TULSA-PRO: focus on U.S.
- Sonalleve: focus on Asia with larger distribution partner

Future Investments

- Strategically expand U.S.-based sales team, continue work with MRI partners
- Additional clinical trials for TULSA-PRO for reimbursement
- Product enhancements



