PROFOUND MEDICAL CORP.

COMMITTEE CHARTERS

AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

PURPOSE

The Audit Committee (the "Committee") is a standing committee appointed by the board of directors (the "Board") of the Profound Medical Corp. (the "Company"). The Committee is established to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities with respect to the financial affairs of the Company, including responsibility to:

- oversee the integrity of the Company's financial statements and financial reporting process, audit process, internal accounting controls and procedures and compliance with related legal and accounting principles;
- oversee the qualifications and independence of the external auditor;
- oversee the work of the Company's financial management, internal audit function (if any) and external auditor in these areas; and
- provide an open avenue of communication between the external auditor, the internal auditors (if any), the Board and the Company's management.

In addition, the Committee shall prepare, if required, an audit committee report for inclusion in the proxy circular prepared in connection with the Company's annual meeting of shareholders, in accordance with applicable rules and regulations.

The function of the Committee is oversight. It is not the duty or responsibility of the Committee or its members (i) to plan or conduct audits, (ii) to determine that the Company's financial statements are complete and accurate and are in accordance with international financial reporting standards ("IFRS") or (iii) to conduct other types of auditing or accounting reviews or similar procedures or investigations. The Committee members and its Chair are members of the Board, appointed to the Committee to provide broad oversight of the financial, risk and control-related activities of the Company, and are specifically not accountable or responsible for the day-to-day operation or performance of such activities. In particular, the member or members identified as audit committee financial experts, if any, shall not be accountable for giving professional opinions on the internal or external audit of the Company's financial information.

Management is responsible for the preparation, presentation and integrity of the Company's financial statements. Management is also responsible for ensuring that adequate systems of risk assessment and internal controls and procedures are designed and put in place in accordance with the accounting policies determined by the Committee to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded and transactions are properly authorized, recorded and reported and to assure the effectiveness and efficiency of operations, the reliability of financial reporting and compliance with accounting standards and with applicable laws and regulations. The internal auditor (if any) is responsible for monitoring and reporting on the adequacy and effectiveness of the system of internal controls. The external auditor is responsible for planning and carrying out an audit of the Company's annual financial statements in accordance with IFRS to provide reasonable assurance that, among other things, such financial statements are in accordance with IFRS.

PROCEDURES

1. <u>Composition</u> – The Committee shall be comprised of at least three members. None of the members of the Committee shall be an officer or employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries and each member of the Committee shall be an "independent" director (as such term is defined from time to time under the requirements or guidelines for audit committee service under applicable securities laws and the rules of any stock exchange on which the Company's securities are listed for trading) and none of the members shall have participated in the preparation of the financial statements of the Company or any current subsidiaries of the Company at any time over the past three years.

All members of the Committee must be "financially literate" (as that term is defined from time to time under the requirements or guidelines for audit committee service under securities laws and the rules of any stock exchange on which the Company's securities are listed for trading or, if it is not so defined, then as that term is interpreted by the board of directors in its business judgment) or must become financially literate within a reasonable period of time after their appointment to the Committee.

- 2. Appointment and Replacement of Committee Members Any member of the Committee may be removed or replaced at any time by the Board and shall automatically cease to be a member of the Committee upon ceasing to be a director. The Board may fill vacancies on the Committee by appointing another director to the Committee. The Board shall fill any vacancy if the membership of the Committee is less than three directors or if the Committee does not have at least one member with accounting or related financial expertise. Whenever there is a vacancy on the Committee, the remaining members may exercise all its power as long as a quorum remains in office. Subject to the foregoing, the members of the Committee shall be appointed by the Board annually and each member of the Committee shall remain on the Committee until the next annual meeting of shareholders after his or her election or until his or her successor shall be duly elected and qualified.
- 3. <u>Committee Chair</u> Unless a Chair of the Committee is designated by the full Board, the members of the Committee may designate a Chair by majority vote of the full Committee. The Chair of the Committee shall be responsible for leadership of the Committee, including preparing the agenda, presiding over the meetings, making committee assignments and reporting to the Board.
- 4. Conflicts of Interest If a Committee member faces a potential or actual conflict of interest relating to a matter before the Committee, other than matters relating to the compensation of directors, that member shall be responsible for alerting the Chair of the Committee. If the Chair of the Committee faces a potential or actual conflict of interest, the Chair of the Committee shall advise the Chair of the Board. If the Chair of the Committee, or the Chair of the Board, as the case may be, concurs that a potential or actual conflict of interest exists, then the member faced with such conflict shall disclose to the Committee the member's interest and shall not participate in consideration of the matter and shall not vote on the matter.
- 5. <u>Compensation of Committee Members</u> The members of the Committee shall be entitled to receive such remuneration for acting as members of the Committee as the Board may from time to time determine. No member of the Committee shall receive from the Company or any of its affiliates any compensation other than the fees to which he or she is entitled as a director or a member of the Committee of the Board or any of its affiliates.

6. Meetings of the Committee –

- (a) Procedures for Meetings Subject to any applicable statutory or regulatory requirements, the articles and by-laws of the Company and the terms of this Charter, the time at which and place where the meetings of the Committee shall be held and the calling of Committee meetings and the procedure in all things at such meetings shall be determined by the Committee, provided that it is understood that the Committee may meet in person and by telephone or electronic means that permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate simultaneously and instantaneously and that the Committee may act by means of a written resolution signed by all members entitled to vote on the matter.
- (b) Calling of Meetings The Committee shall meet as often as it deems appropriate to discharge its responsibilities. Notice of the time and place of every meeting shall be given in writing, by any means of transmitted or recorded communication, including facsimile, video conferences or other electronic means that produces a written copy, to each member of the Committee at least 24 hours prior to the time fixed for such meeting. However, a member may in any manner waive a notice of a meeting. Attendance of a member at a meeting constitutes a waiver of notice of the meeting, except where a member attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the grounds that the meeting is not lawfully called. Whenever practicable, the agenda for the meeting and the meeting materials shall be provided to members before the Committee meeting in sufficient time to provide adequate opportunity for their review.
- (c) Quorum A majority of the members of the Committee constitute a quorum for the transaction of Committee business.
- (d) Chair of Meetings If the Chair of the Committee is not present at any meeting of the Committee, one of the other members of the Committee who is present shall be chosen by the Committee to preside at the meeting.
- (e) Secretary of Meeting The Chair of the Committee shall designate a person who need not be a member of the Committee to act as secretary or, if the Chair of the Committee fails to designate such a person, the secretary of the Company shall be secretary of the Committee. The agenda of each Committee meeting will be prepared by the secretary of the Committee and, whenever reasonably practicable, circulated to each member prior to each meeting.
- (f) Separate Executive Meetings The Committee shall meet at least once every year, and more often as warranted, with the Chief Executive Officer and such other officers of the Company as the Committee may determine to discuss any matters that the Committee or such individuals believes should be discussed privately.
- (g) Minutes Minutes of the proceedings of each Committee meeting shall be kept in minute books provided for that purpose. The minutes of Committee meetings shall accurately record the discussions of and decisions made by the Committee, including all recommendations to be made by the Committee to the Board and shall be distributed to all Committee members.

AUDIT RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE COMMITTEE

Fundamental Powers

- 7. Subject to any applicable statutory or regulatory requirements, the articles and by-laws of the Company and the terms of this Charter, the Committee shall have the following fundamental powers in addition to any powers set out in this Charter or otherwise specified by the Board from time to time:
 - (a) Access The Committee is entitled to full access to all books, records, facilities, and personnel of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Committee may require such officers, directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries and others as it may see fit from time to time to provide any information about the Company and its subsidiaries it may deem appropriate and to attend and assist at meetings of the Committee.
 - (b) Delegation The Committee may delegate from time to time to any person or committee of persons any of the Committee's responsibilities that lawfully may be delegated.
 - (c) Adoption of Policies and Procedures The Committee may adopt policies and procedures for carrying out its responsibilities.

Selection and Oversight of the External Auditor

- 8. The external auditor is ultimately accountable to the Committee and the Board as the representatives of the shareholders of the Company and shall report directly to the Committee and the Committee shall so instruct the external auditor. The Committee shall evaluate the performance of the external auditor and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment or replacement of the external auditor of the Company to be proposed in the Company's proxy circular for shareholder approval and shall have authority to terminate the external auditor. If a change in external auditor is proposed, the Committee shall review the reasons for the change and any other significant issues related to the change, including the response of the incumbent auditors, and enquire as to the qualifications of the proposed auditors before making its recommendation to the Board.
- 9. The Committee shall approve in advance the terms of engagement and the compensation to be paid by the Company to the external auditor with respect to the conduct of the annual audit. The Committee may approve policies and procedures for the pre-approval of services to be rendered by the external auditor, which policies and procedures shall include reasonable detail with respect to the services covered. All non-audit services to be provided to the Company or any of its affiliates by the external auditor or any of its affiliates which are not covered by pre-approval policies and procedures approved by the Committee shall be subject to pre-approval by the Committee.
- 10. The Committee shall review the independence of the external auditor and shall make recommendations to the Board on appropriate actions to be taken which the Committee deems necessary to protect and enhance the independence of the external auditor. In connection with such review, the Committee shall:
 - (a) actively engage in a dialogue with the external auditor about all relationships or services that may impact the objectivity and independence of the external auditor;

- (b) require that the external auditor submit to it on a periodic basis and, at least annually, a formal written statement delineating all relationships between the Company and its subsidiaries, on the one hand, and the external auditor and its affiliates, on the other hand;
- (c) consider whether there should be a regular rotation of the audit partners responsible for performing the audit and/or of the external audit firm itself; and
- (d) consider the auditor independence standards promulgated by applicable auditing regulatory and professional bodies.
- 11. The Committee shall consider whether to prohibit the external auditor and its affiliates from providing certain non-audit services to the Company and its affiliates.
- 12. The Committee shall require the external auditor to provide to the Committee, and the Committee shall review and discuss with the external auditor, all reports which the external auditor is required to provide to the Committee or the Board under rules, policies or practices of professional or regulatory bodies applicable to the external auditor, and any other reports which the Committee may require.
- 13. The Committee is responsible for resolving disagreements between management and the external auditor regarding financial reporting.

Appointment and Oversight of Internal Auditors (If Any)

- 14. The appointment, authority, budget, replacement or dismissal of the internal auditors, if any, shall be subject to prior review and approval by the Committee. When any such internal audit function is performed by employees of the Company or its subsidiaries, the Committee may delegate responsibility for approving the employment, term of employment, compensation and termination of employees engaged in such function other than the head of the Company's internal audit function.
- 15. The Committee shall obtain from the internal auditors (if any), and shall review, summaries of the significant reports to management prepared by any such internal auditors (or the actual reports if requested by the Committee) and management's responses to such reports.
- 16. The Committee shall, as it deems necessary, communicate with the internal auditors (if any) with respect to their reports and recommendations, the extent to which prior recommendations have been implemented and any other matters that such internal auditors bring to the attention of the Committee. The head of the internal audit function (if one exists) shall have unrestricted access to the Committee.
- 17. The Committee shall, annually or more frequently as it deems necessary, evaluate the internal auditors (if any), including their activities, organizational structure and qualifications and effectiveness.

Oversight and Monitoring of Audits

18. The Committee shall review with the external auditor, the internal auditors (if any) and management the audit function generally, the objectives, staffing, locations, co-ordination, reliance upon management and internal audit (if any) and general audit approach and scope of proposed audits of the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, the overall audit plans, the responsibilities of management, the internal auditors (if any) and the

- external auditor, the audit procedures to be used and the timing and estimated budgets of the audits.
- 19. The Committee shall meet periodically as it deems necessary with the internal auditor (if any) to discuss the progress of their activities and any significant findings stemming from internal audits and any difficulties or disputes that arise with management and the adequacy of management's responses in correcting audit-related deficiencies.
- 20. The Committee shall discuss with the external auditor any difficulties or disputes that arose with management or the internal auditors (if any) during the course of the audit, any restrictions on the scope of activities or access to requested information and the adequacy of management's responses in correcting audit-related deficiencies.
- 21. The Committee shall review with management the results of internal (if any) and external audits.
- 22. The Committee shall take such other reasonable steps as it may deem necessary to satisfy itself that the audit was conducted in a manner consistent with all applicable legal requirements and auditing standards of applicable professional or regulatory bodies.

Oversight and Review of Accounting Principles and Practices

- 23. The Committee shall, as it deems necessary, oversee, review and discuss with management, the external auditor and the internal auditors (if any):
 - (a) the quality, appropriateness and acceptability of the Company's accounting principles and practices and that of its subsidiaries used in its financial reporting, changes in the Company's accounting principles or practices and that of its subsidiaries and the application of particular accounting principles and disclosure practices by management to new transactions or events;
 - (b) all significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements, including the effects of alternative methods within IFRS on the financial statements and any "second opinions" sought by management from any other auditor firm or advisor with respect to the accounting treatment of a particular item;
 - (c) disagreements between management and the external auditor or the internal auditors (if any) regarding the application of any accounting principles or practices;
 - (d) any material change to the Company's auditing and accounting principles and practices or that of its subsidiaries as recommended by management, the external auditor or the internal auditors (if any) or which may result from proposed changes to applicable IFRS;
 - (e) the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives on the Company's financial statements and other financial disclosures;
 - (f) any reserves, accruals, provisions, estimates or management programs and policies, including factors that affect asset and liability carrying values and the timing of revenue and expense recognition, that may have a material effect upon the financial statements of the Company;

- (g) the use of special purpose entities and the business purpose and economic effect of off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations, guarantees and other relationships of the Company or its subsidiaries and their impact on the financial results of the Company;
- (h) any legal matter, claim or contingency that could have a significant impact on the financial statements, the Company's compliance policies and that of its subsidiaries and any material reports, inquiries or other correspondence received from regulators or governmental agencies and the manner in which any such legal matter, claim or contingency has been disclosed in the Company's financial statements;
- (i) the treatment for financial reporting purposes of any significant transactions which are not a normal part of the Company's operations or those of its subsidiaries;
- (j) the use of any "pro forma" or "adjusted" information not in accordance with IFRS; and
- (k) management's determination of goodwill impairment, if any, as required by applicable accounting standards.

Oversight and Monitoring of Internal Controls

- 24. The Committee shall, as it deems necessary, exercise oversight of, review and discuss with management, the external auditor and the internal auditors (if any):
 - (a) the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal accounting and financial controls and also of its subsidiaries and the recommendations of management, the external auditor and the internal auditors (if any) for the improvement of accounting practices and internal controls;
 - (b) any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the internal control environment, including with respect to computerized information system controls and security;
 - (c) any fraud that involves personnel who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting or that of its subsidiaries; and
 - (d) management's compliance with the Company's processes, procedures and internal controls.

Communications with Others

25. The Committee shall establish and monitor procedures for the receipt and treatment of complaints received by the Company and its subsidiaries regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or audit matters and the anonymous submission by employees of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters and shall review periodically with management and the internal auditors (if any) these procedures and any significant complaints received.

Oversight and Monitoring of the Company's Financial Disclosures

26. The Committee shall:

- (a) review with the external auditor and with management and shall recommend to the Board for approval the annual financial statements and the notes and Management's Discussion and Analysis (if any) accompanying such financial statements, the Company's annual report and any financial information of the Company contained in any prospectus or information circular of the Company; and
- (b) review and recommend to the Board, as necessary, with the external auditor and with management each set of interim financial statements and the notes and Management's Discussion and Analysis (if any) accompanying such financial statements and any other disclosure documents or regulatory filings of the Company containing or accompanying financial information of the Company.

Such reviews shall be conducted prior to the release of any summary of the financial results or the filing of such reports with applicable regulators.

27. The Committee shall review the disclosure with respect to its pre-approval of audit and non-audit services provided by the external auditor.

Oversight of Finance and Financial Risk Matters

- 28. Appointments of the key financial executives involved in the financial reporting process of the Company, including the Chief Financial Officer, shall require the prior review of the Committee.
- 29. The Committee shall receive and review:
 - (a) periodic reports on compliance with requirements regarding statutory deductions and remittances and, in the event of any non-compliance, the nature and extent of the non-compliance, the reasons therefor and management's plan and timetable to correct any deficiencies;
 - (b) material policies and practices of the Company and its subsidiaries respecting cash management and material financing strategies or policies or proposed financing arrangements and objectives of the Company and its subsidiaries; and
 - (c) material tax policies and tax planning initiatives, tax payments and reporting and any pending tax audits or assessments.
- 30. The Committee shall meet periodically with management to review and discuss the Company's major financial risk exposures and the policy steps that management has taken to monitor and control such exposures, including the use of financial derivatives and hedging activities and the Company's insurance programs.
- 31. The Committee shall receive and review the financial statements and other financial information of material subsidiaries of the Company and any auditor recommendations concerning such subsidiaries.

32. The Committee shall meet with management to review the process and systems in place for ensuring the reliability of public disclosure documents that contain audited and unaudited financial information and their effectiveness.

Additional Responsibilities

33. The Committee shall review and/or approve any other matter specifically delegated to the Committee by the Board and undertake on behalf of the Board such other activities as may be necessary or desirable to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities with respect to financial reporting and the Company's financial obligations.

THE CHARTER

The Committee shall review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter periodically as it deems appropriate and recommend changes to the Board. The performance of the Committee shall be evaluated with reference to this Charter annually or otherwise periodically as deemed appropriate by the Board.

HUMAN RESOURCES AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE CHARTER

A. Purpose

The Human Resources and Corporate Governance Committee shall support the Board of Directors in exercising its human resources and corporate governance functions, including:

- with respect to human resources: (i) assist the Board of Directors in ensuring that the necessary policies and processes are in place by which all employees of the Company, with special attention to the executive group, will be fairly and competitively compensated; and (ii) produce a report on executive compensation for inclusion in the Company's proxy statement as required by applicable rules and regulations; and
- with respect to corporate governance: (i) identify individuals qualified to become Board members, and recommend that the Board select the director nominees for the next annual meeting of shareholders; and (ii) develop and recommend to the Board the corporate governance guidelines and processes applicable to the Company, review these guidelines and processes at least annually and recommend changes to the Board.

B. Committee Membership and Procedure

The Committee shall consist of no fewer than three members. Each member of the Committee shall satisfy the independence requirements of applicable securities and exchange legislation and listing requirements (including the independence requirements of the any securities exchange(s) on which the securities of the Company are listed and posted for trading and any other applicable law.

Each member of the Committee shall have direct experience relevant to his or her responsibilities in executive compensation and have skills and experience that enable him or her to make decisions on the suitability of the Company's compensation policies and practices.

The Board shall appoint the members of the Committee, considering the views of the Chair of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer, as appropriate. The members of the Committee shall serve until their successors are appointed and qualified, and shall designate the Chair of the Committee. The Board shall have the power at any time to change the membership of the Committee and to fill vacancies in it, subject to such new member(s) satisfying the above requirements.

Except as expressly provided in this Charter, the by-laws of the Company or the guidelines determined by the Board of Directors or as otherwise provided by law or the rules of the stock exchanges to which the Company is subject, from time to time, the Committee shall fix its own rules of procedure.

C. Committee Authority and Responsibilities

The Committee shall exercise the functions described below, which are delegated by the Board of Directors, as well as any other functions that may from time to time delegated by the Board of Directors.

With respect to human resources:

Annually review and approve, on an aggregate basis, the total compensation of all employees of the Company and all subsidiaries of the Company.

- Annually review and approve corporate goals and objectives relevant to compensation of executive officers for whom compensation is required to be individually reported under applicable securities laws ("named executive officers"), evaluate the named executive officers' performance in light of those goals and objectives, and set the named executive officers' respective compensation levels based on this evaluation.
- Annually review the Chief Executive Officer's evaluation of the performance of the other officers of the Company and such other senior management and key employees of the Company or any subsidiary of the Company as may be identified to the Committee by the Board (collectively, the "Designated Executives") and review the Chief Executive Officer's recommendations with respect to the amount of compensation to be paid to the Designated Executives.
- Annually review, assess the competitiveness and appropriateness of and approve the compensation package of each of the Designated Executives.
- Review and approve any employment contracts or arrangements with each of the Designated Executives, including any retiring allowance arrangements or any similar arrangements to take effect in the event of a termination of employment.
- Review and recommend to the Board compensation policies and processes and in particular, the compensation policies and processes for the Designated Executives.
- In determining the long-term incentive component of the Chief Executive Officer's compensation and each Designated Executive's compensation, consider the Company's performance and relative shareholder return, the value of similar incentive awards to

executives at comparable companies, and the awards given to Company executives in past years.

- Make recommendations to the Board with respect to incentive compensation and equitybased plans, and review and make recommendations with respect to the performance or operating goals for participants in such plans.
- Have the sole authority to retain and terminate any compensation consultant to be used to
 assist in the evaluation of director, Chief Executive Officer or senior executive
 compensation and have sole authority to approve the consultant's fees and other retention
 terms.
- Adopt, administer, approve and ratify awards under incentive compensation and stock
 plans, including amendments to the awards made under any such plans, and review and
 monitor awards under such plans.
- Review and report to the Board on the appropriateness of the succession planning of the Company, including appointing, training and monitoring senior management.
- Review the significant human resources policies, plans and programs of the Company to ensure they are supportive of the Company's near and long-term strategies.
- Undertake on behalf of, and in an advisory capacity to, the Board such other initiatives as may be necessary or desirable to assist the Board in discharging its responsibility to ensure that appropriate human resources development, performance evaluation, compensation and management development programs are in place and operating effectively.

With respect to corporate governance:

- The Committee shall develop qualification criteria for Board members, and actively seek, interview and screen individuals qualified to become Board members for recommendation to the Board in accordance with the guidelines determined by the Board of Directors, from time to time.
- The Committee shall have the sole authority to retain and terminate any search firm to be used to identify director candidates and shall have sole authority to approve the search firm's fees and other retention terms.
- The Committee shall annually receive comments from all directors and report annually to the Board with an assessment of the Board's and individual director's performance.
- The Committee shall develop and recommend to the Board a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, and shall consider any requests for waivers from the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics. The Company shall make disclosure of such waivers to the Securities and Exchange Commission and, as required, to the exchanges on which the Company's securities are listed for trading.

- The Committee shall review annually, or more often if appropriate, the directors who are members (including qualifications and requirements), structure (including authority to delegate) and performance of committees of the Board (including reporting to the Board), and make recommendations to the Board, as appropriate.
- The Committee shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Board and Chair of the Board on matters of organizational and governance structure of the Company and the conduct of the Board.

In connection with the foregoing authority and responsibilities:

- The Committee shall have authority to obtain advice and assistance from internal or external legal, accounting or other advisors.
- The Committee shall make regular reports to the Board.
- The Committee shall review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter annually and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval.
- The Committee shall annually review its own performance.
- The Committee may form and delegate authority to subcommittees when appropriate.

Revised and approved on March 7, 2023.